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# Lecture Empirical Processes

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Jun.-Prof. Dr. Dennis Dobler  
**[dobler@statistik.tu-dortmund.de](mailto:dobler@statistik.tu-dortmund.de)**  
TU Dortmund University

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## General Information

### **Suitable study subjects (modules):**

M.Sc. Statistik (MS 6/7), M.Sc. Data Science (MD E1), M.Sc. Econometrics (ME 7)

**ECTS:** 4.5

**Language:** English

**Lectures:** one every week

**Exercises:** one every second week

**Exam:** preferred oral, depending on number of participants

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## Empirical Process

- i.i.d. random vectors  $\mathbf{X}_1, \dots, \mathbf{X}_n$  with values in  $\mathbb{R}^d$
- empirical measure  $\mathbb{P}_n(A) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 1_A(\mathbf{X}_i)$

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- for functions  $g : \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$ :  
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⇒ Question (1): why?

⇒ Question (2): law of large numbers and central limit theorem uniformly in  $g \in \mathcal{F}$ ?

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## Application

### Kolmogorov-Smirnov Goodness-of-Fit Test (on $\mathbb{R}^1$ )

- null hypothesis  $H_0 : F = F_0$  vs. alternative hypothesis  $H_a : F \neq F_0$ .
- statistic:  $D_n = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} |\hat{F}_n(x) - F_0(x)| = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} |\mathbb{P}_n 1_{\{\cdot \leq x\}} - F_0(x)|$   
 $\Rightarrow$  or supremum over  $\mathcal{F} = \{g_x : y \mapsto 1_{\{y \leq x\}} : x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

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### Maximum Likelihood Estimator (on $\mathbb{R}^1$ )

- $X_1, \dots, X_n \stackrel{\text{i.i.d.}}{\sim} F_\eta$ , density  $f_\eta$ ,  $\eta \in \mathbb{R}$  unknown
- log-likelihood  $\ell(\eta; X_1, \dots, X_n) = \sum_{i=1}^n \log f_\eta(X_i) = n \cdot \mathbb{P}_n \log f_\eta$   
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{F} = \{g_\eta = \log f_\eta : \eta \in \mathbb{R}\}$

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### References (selection):

- AW van der Vaart & JA Wellner (2023). Weak Convergence and Empirical Processes: With Applications to Statistics, 2nd Edition, Springer.
- MR Kosorok (2008). Introduction to empirical processes and semiparametric inference, Springer.